UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JOE HAND PROMOTIONS, INC., as Broadcast Licensee of the August 26, 2017 Mayweather vs. McGregor Match,

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff,

-against-

Civil Action No.

CARL KUMAR, Individually, and as officer, director, shareholder and/or principal of CC KUMAR CORP., d/b/a WICKEDNESS BAR & LOUNGE,

and

CC KUMAR CORP., d/b/a WICKEDNESS BAR & LOUNGE,

Defendants.

Plaintiff, JOE HAND PROMOTIONS, INC. (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), by their attorneys, LONSTEIN LAW OFFICE, P.C., complaining of the Defendants herein respectfully sets forth and alleges, as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. This is a civil action seeking damages for violation of 47 U.S.C. §§ 553 or 605, et seq. (The "Telecommunications Act") and for copyright infringement under the copyright laws of the U.S. (17 U.S.C. §101, et seq.).
- 2. This Court has jurisdiction under 17 U.S.C. §101, et seq. and 28 U.S.C. Section §1331, which states that the district courts shall have original jurisdiction of all civil actions arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States; and 28 U.S.C. Section

§1338(a) (copyright).

- 3. Upon information and belief, venue is proper in this court because, <u>inter alia</u>, a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred within Queens County, which is within the Eastern District of New York (28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and 28 U.S.C. 112(c)).
- 4. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the parties in this action. Defendants to this action had or has an agent or agents who has or have independently transacted business in the State of New York and certain activities of Defendants giving rise to this action took place in the State of New York; more particularly, Defendants' acts of violating federal laws and the proprietary rights of Plaintiff, as distributor of the satellite programming transmission signals took place within the State of New York. Moreover, upon information and belief, Defendants have their principal place of business within the State of New York; thus, this Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants.

THE PARTIES

- 5. The Plaintiff is a Pennsylvania Corporation with its principal place of business located at 407 East Pennsylvania Boulevard, Feasterville, Pennsylvania 19053.
- 6. By contract, Plaintiff was granted the exclusive rights of distribution and public performance as to commercial establishments for the Mayweather vs. McGregor Match, including all undercard matches and the entire television Broadcast, scheduled for August 26, 2017, via closed circuit television, encrypted "IPTV", cable or via encrypted satellite signal (hereinafter referred to as the "Broadcast").
 - 7. Upon information and belief the Defendant, CARL KUMAR, resides 9026 202 Street,

Unit 1, Hollis, New York 11423.

- 8. Upon information and belief the Defendant, CARL KUMAR, is an officer, director, shareholder and/or principal of CC KUMAR CORP., d/b/a WICKEDNESS BAR & LOUNGE, and is doing business as WICKEDNESS BAR & LOUNGE located at 171-02 Jamaica Avenue, Jamaica, New York 11432 (hereinafter referred to as the "Establishment").
- 9. Upon information and belief the Defendant, CARL KUMAR, was the individual with supervisory capacity and control over the activities occurring within the Establishment on August 26, 2017.
- 10. Upon information and belief the Defendants, CARL KUMAR and CC KUMAR CORP., received a financial benefit from the operations of CC KUMAR CORP., d/b/a WICKEDNESS BAR & LOUNGE, on August 26, 2017.
- 11. Upon information and belief, Defendant, CARL KUMAR, was the individual with close control over the internal operating procedures and employment practices of WICKEDNESS BAR & LOUNGE on August 26, 2017.
- 12. Upon information and belief, Defendant, CARL KUMAR, was present at the Establishment during the exhibition of the Broadcast on August 26, 2017.
- 13. Upon information and belief, Defendants, CARL KUMAR and CC KUMAR CORP., authorized the exhibition of the Broadcast at the Establishment on August 26, 2017.
- 14. Upon information and belief, Defendants, CARL KUMAR and CC KUMAR CORP., advertised for the exhibition of the Broadcast at the Establishment on and prior to August 26, 2017.
 - 15. Upon information and belief, Defendants, CARL KUMAR and CC KUMAR CORP.,

received a commercial benefit by not paying the commercial licensing fee to the Plaintiff for the Broadcast and obtaining same through alternative means.

- Upon information and belief, the Establishment known as WICKEDNESS BAR& LOUNGE had an estimated fire code occupancy of 1-50 people on August 26, 2017.
- 17. Upon information and belief, the Defendant, CC KUMAR CORP., d/b/a WICKEDNESS BAR & LOUNGE, is a business entity, the exact nature of which is unknown, having its principal place of business at 171-02 Jamaica Avenue, Jamaica, New York 11432.
- 18. Upon information and belief, the Defendant, CC KUMAR CORP., is a domestic corporation that was formed and is licensed to do business in the State of New York.

COUNT I

- 19. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference all of the allegations contained in paragraphs "1" through "18," inclusive, as though set forth herein at length.
- 20. Plaintiff's Broadcast originated via satellite uplink and was subsequently retransmitted to cable systems and satellite companies via satellite signal.
- 21. Plaintiff, for a licensing fee, entered into licensing agreements with various entities in the State of New York, allowing them to publicly exhibit the Broadcast to their patrons. Upon payment of the appropriate fees, Plaintiff authorizes and allows customers to de-crypt, unscramble and receive the closed circuit, "IPTV", cable or satellite Broadcast.
- 22. The Broadcast was also available for non-commercial, private viewing through Plaintiff or its authorized online platforms for residential Pay-Per-View purchase and consumption via the internet. Owners of commercial establishments wishing to avoid paying Plaintiff's licensing fees can surreptitiously gain access to Plaintiff's broadcasts by purchasing

the programming online, without proper authorization, at residential rates, which are greatly discounted compared to the rates required for commercial entities and exhibit those broadcasts for their own commercial benefit and gain.

- 23. In order for anyone to obtain the Broadcast through a website intended for private, non-commercial viewing, an individual purchaser would be provided with terms of service which specifically provide for **non-commercial**, **personal use only**.
- 24. Upon information and belief, with full knowledge that the Broadcast was not to be received and exhibited by entities unauthorized to do so, the Defendants and/or their agents, servants, workmen or employees, without paying Plaintiff a fee or entering into an agreement with Plaintiff, unlawfully intercepted, received and/or de-scrambled Plaintiff's Broadcast and did exhibit the Broadcast at WICKEDNESS BAR & LOUNGE located at 171-02 Jamaica Avenue, Jamaica, New York 11432 at the time of its transmission willfully and for purposes of direct or indirect commercial advantage or private financial gain.
- 25. Upon information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants effected unauthorized interception and receipt of Plaintiff's Broadcast by ordering programming for residential use and subsequently displaying the programming at the commercial establishment known as WICKEDNESS BAR & LOUNGE for commercial gain without authorization, or by such other means which are unknown to Plaintiffs and known only to Defendants.
- 26. Upon information and belief, Defendants and/or their agents, servants, workmen and/or employees intercepted Plaintiff's signal and/or used a device to intercept Plaintiff's Broadcast, which originated via satellite uplink and then re-transmitted via satellite or microwave signal to various cable and satellite systems. There are multiple illegal and unauthorized

methods of accessing the Broadcast, including but not limited to the traditional ways of pirating a broadcast (1) splicing an additional coaxial cable line or redirecting a wireless signal from an adjacent residence into a business establishment, de-crypt, unscramble and receive the closed circuit, "IPTV", cable or satellite Broadcast; (2) commercially misusing cable or satellite by registering same as a residence when it is, in fact, a business; or (3) taking a lawfully obtained box or satellite receiver from a private residence, into a business. Recently emerging over-the-top "OTT" technologies, used for the delivery of film and TV content via the internet, such as (1) Broadband or internet broadcast; and/or (2) Live Social Media Streaming ("Nano-Piracy") are additional methods in which pirated material can be obtained without requiring users to subscribe to a traditional cable or satellite pay-ty service such as Comcast, DIRECTV or Time Warner Cable and are readily available to anyone with a Smartphone. The misuse of OTT technology can allow commercial misuse of residential broadcasting feeds through the internet from anywhere in the world. Each of the above described methods would allow Defendants to access the Broadcast unlawfully and without Plaintiffs authorization. Prior to engaging in discovery, Plaintiff is unable to determine the manner in which Defendants obtained the Broadcast. However, it is logical to conclude that Defendants utilized one of the above described methods or another to intercept and exhibit the Broadcast without entering into an agreement to obtain it lawfully from Plaintiff, the legal rights holder for commercial exhibition.

- 27. 47 U.S.C. §605 (a) prohibits the unauthorized reception and publication or use of communications such as the transmission for which plaintiff had the distribution and public performance rights thereto.
 - 28. By reason of the aforementioned conduct, the aforementioned Defendants willfully

violated 47 U.S.C. §605 (a).

- 29. By reason of the aforementioned Defendants' violation of 47 U.S.C. §605 (a), Plaintiff has a private right of action pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §605.
- 30. As a result of the aforementioned Defendants' willful violation of 47 U.S.C. §605 (a), Plaintiff is entitled to damages, in the discretion of this Court, under 47 U.S.C. §605 (e)(3)(C)(i)(II) and (ii) of up to the maximum amount of \$110,000.00 as to each Defendant.
- 31. Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §605, Plaintiff is also entitled to an award of full costs, interest and reasonable attorney's fees.

COUNT II

- 32. Plaintiff hereby incorporates paragraphs "1" through "18" and "20" through "26," inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- 33. Upon information and belief, with full knowledge that the Broadcast was not to be received and exhibited by entities unauthorized to do so, the Defendants and/or their agents, servants, workmen or employees did exhibit the Broadcast at the above-captioned address at the time of its transmission willfully and for purposes of direct or indirect commercial advantage or private financial gain.
- 34. 47 U.S.C. §553 prohibits the unauthorized reception, interception and exhibition of any communications service offered over a cable system such as the transmission for which Plaintiff had the distribution and public performance rights as to commercial establishments thereto.
- 35. Upon information and belief, the Defendants individually, willfully and illegally intercepted said Broadcast when it was distributed and shown by cable television systems.

- 36. By reason of the aforementioned conduct, all of the aforementioned Defendants willfully violated 47 U.S.C. §553, thereby giving rise to a private right of action.
- 37. As a result of the aforementioned Defendants' willful violation of 47 U.S.C. §553, Plaintiff is entitled to damages, in an amount in the discretion of this Court, of up to the maximum amount of \$60,000.00, plus the recovery of full costs, interest and reasonable attorney's fees.

COUNT III

- 38. Plaintiff hereby incorporates paragraphs "1" through "18" and "20" through "26," and "33," inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
- 39. Plaintiff is the copyright owner of the exclusive rights of distribution and public performance as to commercial establishments to the Broadcast, including all undercard matches and the entire television Broadcast, scheduled for August 26, 2017, via closed circuit television and via encrypted satellite signal. The Certificate of Copyright registration has been issued by the U.S. Copyright Office. See U.S. Certificate of Copyright Registration No. PA 2-066-333. The Broadcast originated via satellite uplink and was subsequently re-transmitted to cable systems and satellite companies via satellite signal.
- 40. As a copyright holder of the above mentioned rights to the Broadcast, Plaintiff has rights to the Broadcast, including the right of distribution as well as the licensing to commercial establishments for the right to publicly exhibit same.
- 41. Defendants never obtained the proper authority or license from Plaintiff to publicly exhibit the Mayweather v. McGregor Broadcast on August 26, 2017.
 - 42. Upon information and belief, with full knowledge that the Broadcast can only be

exhibited within a commercial establishment by the purchasing of a license from Plaintiff, Defendants and/or their agents, servants, workmen or employees illegally intercepted and/or publicly displayed the Broadcast and exhibited same in his commercial establishment on August 26, 2017.

- 43. Specifically, upon information and belief, the Defendants and/or their agents, servants, workmen and employees unlawfully obtained the Broadcast, enabling Defendants to publicly exhibit the Broadcast without paying the appropriate licensing fee to Plaintiff.
- 44. By reason of the aforementioned conduct, the Defendants willfully violated 17 U.S.C. §501(a).
- 45. By reason of the aforementioned Defendants' violation of 17 U.S.C. §501(a), Plaintiff has a private right of action pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §501 (b).
- 46. As a result of Defendants' willful infringement of Plaintiff's copyrights and exclusive rights under copyright by advertising and subsequently displaying Plaintiff's Broadcast, Plaintiff is entitled to damages, in the discretion of this Court, under 17 U.S.C. §504(c)(1) and 504(c)(2), of up to the maximum amount of \$150,000.00.
- 47. Plaintiff is further entitled to its attorney's fees and costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §505. **WHEREFORE**, the Plaintiff requests that judgment be entered in its favor and against

each of the aforementioned Defendants, jointly and severally, granting to plaintiff the following:

(a) Declare that Defendants' unauthorized exhibition of the August 26, 2017, Mayweather v. McGregor Broadcast, violated the Federal Communications Act and that such violations were committed willfully and for purposes of Defendants' direct or indirect commercial advantage or for private financial gain.

(b) On the first cause of action, statutory penalties in an amount, in the discretion

of this Court, of up to the maximum amount of \$110,000.00 as to each Defendant

for their willful violation of 47 U.S.C. §605 (a); or

(c) On the second cause of action, statutory penalties in an amount, in the

discretion of this Court, of up to the maximum amount of \$60,000.00 as to each

Defendant for their violation of 47 U.S.C. §553.

(d) Attorney's fees, interest, costs of suit as to each Defendant pursuant to 47 U.

S. C. § 605 (e).

(e) On the third cause of action, statutory penalties in an amount, in the discretion

of this Court, of up to the maximum amount of \$150,000.00 as to each Defendant

pursuant to §504(c)(1) and §504(c)(2) for his violation of 17 U.S.C. §501(a).

(f) Attorney's fees, interest, costs of suit as to each Defendant pursuant to 47 U. S.

C. § 605 (e)(3) (B) (iii) and/or §553 (c)(2)(C).

(g) Attorney's fees, interest, costs of suit as to Defendants pursuant to 17 U.S.C.

§505, together with such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and

proper.

Dated: September 27, 2018

Ellenville, New York

JOE HAND PROMOTIONS, INC.

By: /s/Julie Cohen Lonstein

JULIE COHEN LONSTEIN, ESQ. (JL8521)

Attorney for Plaintiff

LONSTEIN LAW OFFICE, P.C.

190 South Main Street: P.O. Box 351

Ellenville, NY 12428

Tel: (845) 647-8500

Fax: (845) 647-6277

Email: Legal@signallaw.com

Our File No. JHP17-01NY-08